**Meaning of Civics**

Civics is the study of citizenship, focusing on the rights and duties of citizens. It looks at how citizens should act within their community and how they interact with the government.

It includes the study of civil law and civil code, constitutional law, administration, public administration, politics, diplomacy, and international relations. Civics is an important part of education because it teaches people how to be good citizens.

Good Citizenship includes being informed about the workings of government and participating in the democratic process. It also includes understanding and respecting the rights of others, obeying the law, and being tolerant of those who have different opinions.

**History of Civic**

The word "civics" comes from the Latin word "civitas," meaning "city."

The study of civics started with the ancient Greeks, who developed the first democratic government. Famous Greek philosophers like Plato and Aristotle wrote about civics and the importance of being a good citizen.

**Civic Engagement**

Civic engagement is when people actively participate in their community to make a positive impact on others.

It is based on the idea of working together for the common good. Civic engagement works best when people feel they are a part of society and see community issues as their own. These individuals understand the moral and civic importance of problems and are willing to help solve them.

**Types of Civic Engagement**

The act of civic engagement can be conducted in **three main ways** including

**Electoral participation** means citizens taking part in shaping their government through voting and other activities. Besides voting, civic engagement in elections can include:

* Helping with voter registration or campaigns to increase voter turnout
* Donating money for election campaigns or volunteering for candidates or political parties
* Showing support through buttons, signs, stickers, or handing out campaign materials
* Serving as poll workers or election judges on Election Day

**Volunteerism** is when people offer their time and effort for free to help their community or support a nonprofit cause. It's about giving back to society without expecting payment. Some examples of volunteerism include:

* Collecting and donating food to food banks
* Assisting groups that provide disaster relief
* Joining a neighborhood watch
* Participating in recycling and cleanup efforts

**Activism and advocacy** are efforts to promote political or social change by raising public awareness and support for specific causes or policies.

Common actions include:

* Participating in peaceful protests and boycotts
* Writing to or meeting with elected officials
* Contacting media outlets
* Petitioning the government or collecting signatures for petitions